## **Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System, Inc.** 2015 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is ground water drawn from the Sand and Gravel Aquifer through a series of three wells. Treatment consists of chlorine for disinfection purposes and lime for pH adjustment.

In emergencies, we have the capability of purchasing treated water from Pace Water System by means of an inter-connect on Avalon Boulevard. This inter-connect is used, primarily, to aid us in controlling water pressure fluctuations on the southern end of the system due to water main leaks. In the year 2015, we did not have the need to purchase any water from the Pace Water System. For more information concerning Pace Water System, their testing results for 2015, or how you can obtain a copy of their Water Quality Report, you may contact their business office at 4401 Woodbine Road in Pace, visit their website at <a href="https://www.pacewater.org/water-quality-report">www.pacewater.org/water-quality-report</a> or call (850) 994-5129.

If you have any questions or concerns about the information provided, please contact **Pete Reynolds**, Operator/General Manager at (850) 623-8508. We encourage our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled board meetings. They are held on the second Thursday of every month at 5:00 p.m. at the water system office location: 6368 Da Lisa Road.

In 2015 the Florida Department of Environmental Protection performed a Source Water Assessment on our system. The assessment was conducted to provide information about any potential sources of contamination in the vicinity of our wells. A search of the data sources indicated no potential sources of contamination. These assessment results are available on the FDEP Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website at <u>www.dep.state.fl.us/swapp</u>.

Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System, Inc. routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup> 2015. Data obtained before January 1, 2015, and presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules, and regulations. As authorized and approved by EPA, the State has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of our data, though representative, is more than one year old.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- (A) **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- (B) **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

(C) **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and

residential uses.

(D) **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial

processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

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(E) **Radioactive contaminants**, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining

activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated contaminants, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

In the following table you will find terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

**Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL** - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG** - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG** - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Non-Detects (ND) - means not detected and indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.

Non–Applicable (N/A) - does not apply.

**Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)** – one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

**Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (\mug/l) – one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.** 

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Picocurie per liter (pCi/L) - measure of the radioactivity in water.

## **2015 WATER QUALITY RESULTS TABLE**

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo/yr)	MCL Violation Y/N	Highest Monthly Percentage/Numb er		GMCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Coliform Bacteria	1 – 12/15	Υ	2	0	For systems collecting fewer than 40 samples per month: presence of coliform bacteria in >1 sample collected during a month	Naturally present in the environment

The Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System had an MCL violation for Total Coliform Bacteria in March 2015. Two samples tested positive; one more than is allowed by rule. These sample sites were immediately retested with all repeats testing negative (no bacteria present). Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, bacteria may be present. When coliforms are found in more samples than allowed there is a warning of potential problems.

Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo/yr)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG		Likely Source of Contamination
Radioactive Co	ontaminants						
Alpha emitters (pCi/L)	8/08, 12/08 & 6/11	Ν	2.5	0.8 - 2.5	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium 226 + 228 or combined radium (pCi/L)	8/08, 12/08 & 6/11	N	2.0	ND - 2.0	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits
Synthetic Orga	anic Contam	inants includ	ing Pesticid	es & He	rbicid	es	
Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (ppb)	9/14 - 12/15	Ν	1.1	ND – 4.75	0	h	Discharge from rubber and chemical factories

Inorganic Contaminants							
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo/yr)	MCL Violation Y/N	Level Detected	Range of Results	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium (ppm)	7/14	N	0.027	0.01 - 0.027	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Lead (point of entry) (ppb)	7/14	N	3.6	ND - 3.6	0	15	Residue from man-made pollution such as auto emissions and paint; lead pipe, casing, and solder
Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (ppm)	7/15	N	1.2	0.27 – 1.2	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion o natural deposits
Sodium (ppm)	7/14	N	4.8	2.1-4.8	N/A	160	Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil

Sodium (ppm)	7/14	Ν	4.8	2.1 - 4.8	N/A		Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil
Stage 2 Disinfect	ants and I	Disinfection B	y-Products				
Disinfectant or Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of Sampling (mo/yr)	MCL or MRDL Violation Y/N		Range of Results		MCL or MRDL	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorine (ppm)- Stage 1	1 - 12/15	Ν	0.385	0.33 - 0.42	MRDLG = 4		Water additive used to control microbes

Copper (tap water) 9/14 (ppm) 9/14	]			AL		(Action Level)	
		N	0.28 (90th%)	0 of 20	1.3		Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (tap water) 9/14 (ppb)	]	N	2.00 (90th%)	0 of 20	0		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires monitoring of over 80 drinking water contaminants. Those contaminants listed in the table above are the only contaminants detected in your drinking water.

methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

We here at the Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap, keeping in mind not only the immediate needs of the community, but also the need for a safe and adequate water supply for generations to come. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

In our continuing efforts to maintain a safe and dependable water supply it may be necessary to make improvements in your water system. Rate adjustments may be necessary in order to address these improvements. Thank you for understanding.

In late 2016-2017 Bagdad-Garcon Point Water System, Inc. will be installing a new more robust billing system, which will provide customers the ability to view their account information online, such as meter readings and usage. You will also be able to make payments on the website.